

Ans 1.

**Cash Flow Statement of Priya Ltd.
for the year ended 31st March, 2015**

	Rs.	Rs.
A. <u>Cash flow from Operating Activities</u>		
Net profit before tax (Rs. 54,000 – Rs. 40,000 + Rs. 60,000)	74,000	
Add: Adjustment for depreciation (W.N.1)	24,000	
Interest on debentures (Rs. 1,60,000 x 9%)	14,400	
Loss on sale of machinery (W.N.2)	4,000	
	<u>1,16,400</u>	
Less: Profit on redemption of debentures (Non Operating Income)	<u>(1,600)</u>	
	1,14,800	
Less :Income tax paid	<u>(30,000)</u>	
Operating profit before changes in Working Capital	84,800	
Add: Increase in outstanding expenses	18,000	
Decrease in trade receivables	<u>80,000</u>	
	98,000	
	<u>1,82,800</u>	
Less: Decrease in trade payables	14,000	
Increase in inventory	28,000	
Increase in prepaid expenses	<u>2,000</u>	
	<u>(44,000)</u>	
Net cash from operating activities		1,38,800
B. <u>Cash flow from Investing Activities</u>		
Sale of old machinery	10,000	
Purchase of machinery	<u>(46,000)</u>	
Net cash used in investing activities		(36,000)
C. <u>Cash flow from Financing Activities</u>		
Redemption of debentures (Rs. 40,000 – Rs. 1,600)	(38,400)	
Payment of dividend	(60,000)	
Payment of interest on debentures	<u>(14,400)</u>	
Net cash used financing activities		<u>(1,12,800)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(10,000)
		<u>1,20,000</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		<u>1,10,000</u>

Working Notes:

1.

Depreciation Fund

	Rs.		Rs.
To Machinery A/c	16,000	By Balance b/d	80,000
To Balance c/d	88,000	By Profit and Loss A/c (Current year depreciation)	24,000
	<u>1,04,000</u>		<u>1,04,000</u>

2. Machinery A/c

	<i>Rs.</i>		<i>Rs.</i>
To Balance b/d	1,64,000	By Depreciation Fund	16,000
To Bank (Purchased)	46,000	By Bank (realized on sale of old machinery)	10,000
		By Profit and loss A/c (loss on sale) – Balancing Fig	4,000
		By Balance c/d	<u>1,80,000</u>
	<u>2,10,000</u>		<u>2,10,000</u>

(12 Marks)

Ans 2.

9% Central Government Bonds A/c in the books of Akash

<i>Date</i>	<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Face Value</i>	<i>Interest</i>	<i>Amount</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Face Value</i>	<i>Interest</i>	<i>Amount</i>
2014					2014				
Jan 01	To Balance b/d	60,000	1,350	59,000	Mar-31	By Bank A/c	-	3,150	-
Mar-01	To Bank A/c	10,000	375	10,000	Jul-01	By Bank A/c	25,000	563	25,000
Jul-01	To P & L A/c	-	-	417	Sep-30	By Bank A/c	-	2,025	-
Oct-01	To Bank A/c	7,500	-	7,350	Nov-01	By Bank A/c	15,000	112	14,850
Nov-01	To P & L A/c	-	-	100	Dec-31	By Balance c/d	37,500	844	37,017
Dec 31	To P & L A/c Transfer	-	4,969	-					
		<u>77,500</u>	<u>6,694</u>	<u>76,867</u>			<u>77,500</u>	<u>6,694</u>	<u>76,867</u>

Working Note:

Calculation of closing balance

Bonds in hand on 31.12.2014

	Face Value	Cost
From original holding		
(60,000 – 25,000 – 15,000)	20,000	19,667
(59,000/60,000 x 20,000)		
Purchased on 1 st March	10,000	10,000
Purchased on 1 st October	<u>7,500</u>	<u>7,350</u>
	<u>37,500</u>	<u>37,017</u>

(6 Marks)

Ans.3
In the books of Fan Ltd.
Cash Flow Statement for the year ending 31st March, 2016

		Rs.	Rs.
I	<u>Cash flow from Operating Activities</u>		
	Net Profit before tax for the year (W.N.1)	67,500	
	Add: Depreciation on machinery (W.N.2)	27,500	
	Depreciation on land & building	10,000	
	Operating profit before change in working capital	1,05,000	
	Add: Decrease in Inventories	10,000	
	Less: Increase in Trade receivables	(10,000)	
	Less: Decrease in Trade payables	<u>(50,000)</u>	
	Cash generated from Operations	55,000	
	Less: Income tax paid (W.N.3)	<u>(22,500)</u>	
	Net cash generated from operating activities		32,500
II	<u>Cash flow from Investing activities</u>		
	Purchase of machinery (1,12,500 – 50,000)	(62,500)	
	Sale of investment (W.N. 4)	30,000	
	Net cash used in investing activities		(32,500)
III	<u>Cash flow from financing activities</u>		
	Issue of equity shares (1,25,000-50,000)	75,000	
	Repayment of long term loan	<u>(50,000)</u>	
	Net cash generated from financing activities		<u>25,000</u>
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		25,000
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (1,00,000 + 1,50,000)		<u>2,50,000</u>
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (70,000+2,05,000)		<u>2,75,000</u>

Working Notes:
1. Calculation of Net Profit before tax

	Rs.
Increase in Profit & Loss (Cr.) balance	40,000
Add: Provision for taxation made during the year	<u>27,500</u>
	<u>67,500</u>

2. Calculation of Depreciation charged during the year
Machinery account

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
To Balance b/d	3,75,000	By Depreciation (Bal.fig.)	27,500
To Bank	62,500	By Balance c/d	4,60,000
To Equity share capital	<u>50,000</u>		
	<u>4,87,500</u>		<u>4,87,500</u>

3. Calculation of tax paid during the year

Provision for Taxation A/c

<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Amount (Rs.)</i>	<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Amount (Rs.)</i>
To Cash (Bal.fig.)	22,500	By Balance b/d	25,000
To Balance c/d	<u>30,000</u>	By Profit and Loss A/c	<u>27,500</u>
	<u>52,500</u>		<u>52,500</u>

4. Calculation of sale value of investment sold

Investment A/c

<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Amount (Rs.)</i>	<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Amount (Rs.)</i>
To Balance b/d	50,000	By Bank A/c (Bal.fig.)	30,000
To Capital reserve (Profit on sale of investments)	<u>5,000</u>	By Balance c/d	25,000
	<u>55,000</u>		<u>55,000</u>

(12 Marks)

Ans.4

Memorandum Revaluation Account

	<i>Rs.</i>		<i>Rs.</i>
To Stock	80,000	By Building	3,60,000
To Plant & machinery	2,40,000	By Investments	40,000
To Provision for doubtful debts	30,000		
To Unrecorded liability	20,000		
To Profit transferred to Partners' Capital A/cs (in old ratio)			
Kamal = 20,000			
Rani = <u>10,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>		
	<u>4,00,000</u>		<u>4,00,000</u>
To Building	3,60,000	By Stock	80,000
To Investments	40,000	By Plant & machinery	2,40,000
		By Provision for doubtful debts	30,000
		By Unrecorded liability	20,000
		By Loss transferred to Partners' Capital A/cs (in new ratio)	
		Kamal = 15,000	
		Rani = 7,500	
		Nisha = <u>7,500</u>	<u>30,000</u>
	<u>4,00,000</u>		<u>4,00,000</u>

Partners' Capital Accounts

	Kamal	Rani	Nisha		Kamal	Rani	Nisha
To Memorandum Revaluation	15,000	7,500	7,500	By Balance b/d	20,00,000	10,00,000	-
To Reserve Fund	9,00,000	4,50,000	4,50,000	By Reserve	12,00,000	6,00,000	-
To Kamal (W.N.3)	-	-	35,000	By Nisha (W.N.3)	35,000	17,500	-
To Rani (W.N.3)	-	-	17,500	By Memorandum Revaluation A/c	20,000	10,000	-
To Balance c/d (Refer W.N.2)	<u>23,40,000</u>	<u>11,70,000</u>	<u>11,70,000</u>	By Cash (Bal. Fig.)	-	-	16,80,000
	<u>32,55,000</u>	<u>16,27,500</u>	<u>16,80,000</u>		<u>32,55,000</u>	<u>16,27,500</u>	<u>16,80,000</u>

Balance Sheet of newly reconstituted firm as on 31.12.2015

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital Accounts		Plant & Machinery	24,00,000
Kamal	23,40,000	Building	18,00,000
Rani	11,70,000	Sundry Debtors	6,00,000
Nisha	11,70,000	Stock	8,00,000
Reserve Fund	18,00,000	Cash (2,00,000 + 16,80,000)	18,80,000
Sundry Creditors	8,00,000		
Bills Payable	<u>2,00,000</u>		
	<u>74,80,000</u>		<u>74,80,000</u>

Working Notes:

- Calculation of new profit and loss sharing ratio

Nisha will get 1/4th share in the new profit sharing ratio. Therefore, remaining share will be $1 - 1/4 = 3/4$

Share of Kamal will be $3/4 \times 2/3 = 2/4$ i.e. 1/2 Share of Rani

will be $3/4 \times 1/3 = 1/4$

New ratio will be Kamal : Rani :

Nisha $1/2 : 1/4 : 1/4 = 2 : 1 : 1$

- Calculation of closing capital of Nisha

Closing capitals of Kamal & Rani after all adjustments are:

Kamal = Rs. 23,40,000

Rani = Rs. 11,70,000

Since Rani's capital is less than Kamal's capital, therefore Rani's capital is taken as base.

Hence, Nisha's closing capital should be Rs. 11,70,000 ($46,80,000 \times 1/4$) i.e. at par with Rani (as per new profit and loss sharing ratio)

3. Adjustment entry for goodwill*

Partners	Goodwill as per old ratio	Goodwill as per new ratio	Effect	
Kamal	1,40,000	1,05,000	+ 35,000	-
Rani	70,000	52,500	+ 17,500	-
Nisha	-	52,500	-	52,500
	<u>2,10,000</u>	<u>2,10,000</u>	<u>52,500</u>	<u>52,500</u>

Adjustment entry will be:

Nisha's Capital A/c	Dr.	52,500	
To Kamal's Capital A/c			35,000
To Rani's Capital A/c			17,500

(16 Marks)

Ans.5.

Investment Account of Mitthan

For the year ended 31.3.2016

(Script: 15% Debentures in Seema Industries Ltd.)

(Interest payable on 30th June and 31st December)

Date	Particulars	Nominal Value Rs.	Interest Rs.	Cost Rs.	Date	Particulars	Nominal Value Rs.	Interest Rs.	Cost Rs.
1.04.15	To Balance A/c	2,00,000	7,500	2,10,000	30.06.15	By Bank A/c	-	22,500	
1.05.15	To Bank A/c	1,00,000	5,000	1,02,000	1.11.15	By Bank A/c	1,20,000	6,000	1,14,600
30.11.15	To Bank A/c	80,000	5,000	76,800	1.11.15	By Profit & Loss A/c	-	-	11,400
31.12.15	To Profit & Loss A/c			20,000	31.12.15	By Bank A/c	80,000	6,000	1,04,000
31.03.16	To Profit & Loss A/c		37,250		31.12.15	By Bank A/c	-	13,500	-
	(Bal.fig.)				31.12.15	By Bank A/c		6,750	-
					31.12.16	By Bal.c/d	1,80,000	-	1,78,800
		3,80,000	54,750	4,08,800			3,80,000	54,750	4,08,800

Working Notes:

(i) Accrued Interest as on 1st April, 2015 = Rs. 2,00,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{3}{12}$ = Rs. 7,500

(ii) Accrued Interest as on 1.5.2015 = Rs. 1,00,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{4}{12}$ = RS. 5,000

(iii) Cost of Investment for purchase on 1st May = Rs. 1,07,000 – Rs. 5,000 = Rs. 1,02,000

(iv) Interest received as on 30.6.2015 = Rs. 3,00,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{6}{12}$ =Rs. 22,500

MITTAL COMMERCE CLASSES

v) Accrued Interest on debentures sold on 1.11.2015

$$= \text{Rs. } 1,20,000 \times \frac{15}{100} \times \frac{4}{12} = \text{Rs. } 6,000$$

(vi) Accrued Interest = R. 80,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{5}{12}$ = R. 5,000

(vii) Accrued Interest on sold debentures 31.12.2015 = Rs. 80,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{6}{12}$ = Rs. 6,000

(viii) Sale Price of Investment on 31st Dec. = RS. 1,10,000- RS. 6,000 = RS. 1,04,000

(ix) Loss on Sale of Debenture on 1.1.2015

Sale Price of debenture	1,14,600
Less: Cost Price of debenture	
<u>2,10,000</u> x Rs. 1,20,000	<u>1,26,000</u>
2,00,000	
Loss on sale	11,400

(x) Accrued interest as on 31.12.2015 = Rs. 1,80,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{6}{12}$ = Rs. 13,500

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(xi) Accrued Interest = Rs. 1,80,000 x $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{3}{12}$ = Rs. 6,750

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of investment as on 31st March = Rs. 1,02,000 + Rs. 76,800 = Rs. 1,78,800

(xiii) Profit on debentures sold on 31st December

$$= \text{Rs. } 1,04,000 - (\text{Rs. } 2,10,000 \times 800 / 2,000) = \text{Rs. } 20,000$$

(4 Marks)