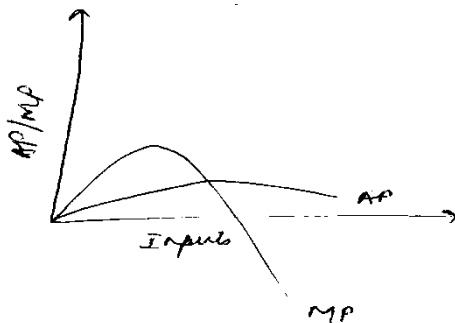


(GCF-19, GCF-20, VCF-4, SCF-6 & SCF-7)**DATE: 13.07.2020****MAXIMUM MARKS: 100****TIMING: 2 Hours****ECONOMICS AND COMMERCIAL KNOWLEDGE****All Questions is compulsory.**

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- (1) Ans. c
- (2) Ans. d
- (3) Ans. a
- (4) Ans. d
- (5) Ans. d
- (6) Ans. d
- (7) Ans. d
- (8) Ans. c
- (9) Ans. a
- (10) Ans. d
- (11) Ans. c
- (12) Ans. a
- (13) Ans. c
- (14) Ans. d
- (15) Ans. b
- (16) Ans. c
- (17) Ans. c
- (18) Ans. a
- (19) Ans. b
- (20) Ans. c
- (21) Ans. d
Explanation:
When AC is minimum, then MC is equal to AC, which is known as "Optimum point of production".
- (22) Ans. a
Explanation:
Opportunity cost is concerned with the cost of foregone opportunity.
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- (23) Ans. c
Explanation:
Diminishing marginal return imply increasing marginal costs because when cost increases than production decreases.
- (24) Ans. a
Explanation:
In labour surplus economy labour will be available in abundance.
- (25) Ans. c
Explanation:
Since percentage change in output is less than percentage change in input.
- (26) Ans. b
Explanation:
Economics is not a perfect science because economics is science as well as arts
- (27) Ans. b
Explanation:
Economic laws are Subject to specified assumptions
- (28) Ans. a
Explanation:
An Indifference Curve slopes down towards right, since more of one commodity and less of another result in same level satisfaction
- (29) Ans. b
Explanation:
In short run supply can not be increased
- (30) Ans. d
Explanation:



As when AP falls, MP also falls but $MP < AP$

- (31) Ans. a
- (32) Ans. b
- (33) Ans. d
- (34) Ans. b
Explanation:
Since there is direct relationship between income and demand

- (35) Ans. a
Explanation:
If the proportion of income spent on goods increases as income increases, then the income elasticity for the goods is greater than 1.
- (36) Ans. b
Explanation:
Since Elasticity between any two given points of a demand curve is called ARC Elasticity.
- (37) Ans. c
- (38) Ans. d
Explanation:
Because average of total production can never be zero or negative.
- (39) Ans. c
- (40) Ans. c
- (41) Ans. d
Explanation:
Since the economist who gave cobb - douglas production function was an American.
- (42) Ans. b
Explanation:
Under Partial Oligopoly, the industry is dominated by one large firm, which is considered or looked upon as a leader of the group. The dominating firm will be the price leader.
- (43) Ans. c
Explanation:
Rising portion of Marginal Cost curve is known as supply curve because marginal cost increases with the increment in level of output.
- (44) Ans. a
- (45) Ans. a
- (46) Ans. c
- (47) Ans. a
Explanation:
Under P.C. in long run a firm earns normal profit.
- (48) Ans. a
Explanation:
Region above prevailing price has $E > I$
Region below prevailing price has $E < I$
Which creates a kink at prevailing price.
- (49) Ans. c
Explanation:
Since $MP_n = TP_n - TP_{n-1}$.

(50) Ans. c

Explanation:

$$\text{Since } AFC = \frac{TFC}{Q} \quad AVC = \frac{TVC}{Q}$$

$$20 = \frac{TFC}{4} \quad 40 = \frac{TVC}{5}$$

$$TFC = 80 \quad TVC = 200$$

$$\text{Since } TC = TFC + TVC$$

$$TC = 80 + 200$$

$$TC = 280$$

$$\text{Ac at 5 unit} = \frac{TC}{Q} = \frac{280}{5} = 56 \text{ Ans.}$$

(51) Ans. b

Explanation:

Since TR is maximum at $MR=0$

(52) Ans. a

Explanation:

Since excess supply reduces equilibrium price.

(53) Ans. d

(54) Ans. a

Explanation:

Since Sir Robert Giffen was Scottish.

(55) Ans. a

Explanation:

$$\text{Since } ATC = \frac{TFC}{Q} + \frac{TVC}{Q}$$

Or

$$ATC = AFC + AVC$$

(56) Ans. c

(57) Ans. b

Explanation:

Since profit maximization condition in perfect competition is $MR=MC$.

(58) Ans. d

Explanation:

In oligopoly elasticity is elastic on upper part of demand curve and inelastic on lower part of demand curve.

- (59) Ans. a
Explanation:
Since elasticity of supply of industrial products is highly elastic.
- (60) Ans. d
Explanation:
Since land possess all of the above mentioned features.
- (61) Ans. d
- (62) Ans. a
- (63) Ans. b
- (64) Ans. c
- (65) Ans. b
- (66) Ans. a
- (67) Ans. d
- (68) Ans. d
- (69) Ans. b
- (70) Ans. a
- (71) Ans. d
- (72) Ans. a
- (73) Ans. c
- (74) Ans. a
- (75) Ans. d
- (76) Ans. c
Explanation:
In Securities Appellate Tribunal first appeal against SEBI be made.
- (77) Ans. c
- (78) Ans. b
- (79) Ans. d
- (80) Ans. d
- (81) Ans. a
- (82) Ans. a

- (83) Ans. b
- (84) Ans. a
- (85) Ans. d
- (86) Ans. d
- (87) Ans. c
- (88) Ans. c
- (89) Ans. a
- (90) Ans. b
- (91) Ans. a
Explanation:
Price sensitivity is the effect a change in price will have on customers.
- (92) Ans. c
- (93) Ans. b
Explanation:
Pooling of Capital is an advantage of joint ownership.
- (94) Ans. c
Explanation:
A type of debt instrument that is not secured by physical assets or collateral is Promissory Note.
- (95) Ans. c
- (96) Ans. b
Explanation:
Power System Operation Corporation Limited is subsidiary of Power Grid company.
- (97) Ans. c
Explanation:
A change in the Environment May be an opportunity to some and threat to some other Firms.
- (98) Ans. a
Explanation:
This statement relates to proceed with caution.
- (99) Ans. d
Explanation:
David Easton propounded a Model on Politics-Policy Relationship known as Feedback and Black Box Model.
- (100) Ans. d
Explanation:
Waiving of farm loans is an example of Distributive Policy.
