(CA INTERMEDIATE ALL BATCHES)

DATE: 27.12.2020 MAXIMUM MARKS: 100 TIMING: 31/4 Hours

PAPER: LAW

Answer to questions are to be given only in English except in the case of candidates who have opted for Hindi Medium. If a candidate who has not opted for Hindi Medium. His/her answer in Hindi will not be valued.

Question No. 1 & 2 is compulsory.

Candidates are also required to answer any Four questions from the remaining Five Questions.

Question 1:

- (1) A public company sent private placement offer letter to 200 persons of its choice in March 20XX and allotted shares to them in April 20XX. Can it send private placement offer letter to 200 new people in May 20XX?
 - (a) Yes
 - (b) No
 - (c) Yes with the permission of ROC
 - (d) Yes with the permission of NCLT

(1 Mark)

- (2) A shelf prospectus filed with the ROC shall remain valid for a period of:
 - (a) one year from the date of registration
 - (b) one year from the date of closing of first issue
 - (c) one year from the date of opening of first issue
 - (d) Ninety days from the date on which a copy was delivered to ROC

(1 Mark)

- (3) A reserve account that shall not be used by the company for any purpose other than repayment of deposits is called:
 - (a) debenture redemption reserve
 - (b) deposit repayment reserve
 - (c) capital redemption reserve
 - (d) for reserve

(1 Mark)

- On receipt of intimation of satisfaction of charge, the registrar issue a notice to the holder calling upon him to show cause within such time not exceeding ______ days as to why payment or satisfaction in full should not be recorded as intimated to the Registrar:
 - (a) 14
 - (b) 21
 - (c) 30
 - (d) 300

(1 Mark)

- (5) According to the General Clauses Act, 1897 Official Gazette shall mean
 - (a) The Gazette of India
 - (b) The Gazette of a State
 - (c) (a)and (b)
 - (d) (a) or (b)

(1 Mark)

| (6) | A person employed by, and acting under the control of, the original business of agency is known as (a) Substituted Agent (b) Sub-Agent (c) Special Agent (d) Del-credere Agent | al agent in the |
|------|---|------------------|
| | (a) Del cicacio rigello | (1 Mark) |
| (7) | Auditor can hold security in company upto Rs (a) Rs. 1,00,000 (b) Rs. 5,00,000 (c) Cannot hold even a single security (d) Rs. 10,000 | (1 Mark) |
| (8) | The books of accounts of every company shall be maintained in order (a) 3 Years (b) 5 years (c) 8 years (d) 10 years | for: (1 Mark) |
| (9) | Amount to be transferred to reserves out of profits before any dividend is | declaration of |
| | (d) at the discretion of the company | (1 Mark) |
| (10) | Which of the following can be appointed as an auditor? (a) LLP (b) Person covered under section 144 (c) Both | |
| | (d) None | (1 Mark) |
| (11) | If the goods of the bailor gets mixed up with the like goods of the bailee, the cost of separation will have to be borne by- (a) Bailor (b) Bailee (c) The third party | bailee by the |
| | (d) Bailor & bailee in proportion of their share of goods | (1 Mark) |
| (12) | Truncated cheque is a cheque which is truncated during (a) The deposit in Payee's Bank (b) The Transfer to the Drawer's bank (c) The course of clearing cycle (d) The time of payment | |
| | (d) The time of payment | (1 Mark) |

| Which rule says that if there is a conflict between two provision of the act then value interpret so that effect must be given to all of them - (a) Rule of literal construction (b) Mischief rule or heydon rule (c) Rule of reasonable construction | ve |
|---|-----------|
| (d) Rule of harmonious construction (2 Mark | s) |
| an instrument in writing containing an unconditional undertaking sign by the maker to pay a certain sum of money only to, or to the order of, a certain person or to the bearer of the instrument (a) Promissory Note (b) Bill of exchange (c) Cheque (d) None of the above (2 Mark | iin |
| 15) The auditors of a company can be removed by the | -, |
| (a) Board of directors of the company | |
| (c) Company in general meeting by ordinary resolution and previous approval | of |
| CG (d) Company in general meeting by special resolution and previous approval | of |
| CG (2 Mark | s) |
| If a charge is created on or after 02-11-2018 but the registration is not made with the original period of 30 days and also not made within next 30 days after the expiry of original 30 days, then the Registrar is empowered to allow su registration to be made within a further period of | he |
| (a) 30 days (2 Mark | s) |
| If a company changes its name; which of the following is most accurate: (a) It is not allowed to use old name in any way (b) New name should not be identical with old name (c) Old name should be painted/printed for next 1 years along with new name (d) Old name should be painted/printed for next 2 years along with new name (2 Mark | s) |
| If a company have authorized share capital of Rs. 6,00,000; paid up share capital Rs. 5,00,000; and a Loan from government of Rs. 2,00,000. Government order the company to convert its loan into shares. In this case; such order has the effect of increasing - (a) the subscribed share capital of the company (b) the paid up share capital of the company (c) the authorised share capital of the company (d) all of the above | ed ect |
| (2 Mark | S) |

- (19) Provisions of CSR are applicable to:
 - (a) Companies with net worth of 500 cr or more
 - (b) Companies with turnover of 1000 cr or more
 - (c) Companies with net profit of 5 cr or more in any financial year
 - (d) All of the above

(2 Marks)

- (20) A contracts with B for a fixed price to construct a house for B within a stipulated time. B would supply the necessary material to be used in the construction. C guarantees A's performance of the contract. B does not supply the material as per the agreement. As per the provisions of the Indian Contract Act, 1872:
 - (a) C is liable to A
 - (b) C is liable to B
 - (c) C is liable to A for the cost material not supplied
 - (d) C is discharged from his liability

(2 Marks)

- (21) According_____rule of interpretation meaning of a word should be known from its accompanying or associating words?
 - (a) Mischief rule
 - (b) Golden rule
 - (c) Noscitur a sociis
 - (d) Primary rule

(2 Marks)

Question 2:

(a) Shri Laxmi Electricals Ltd. (s) is a company in which Hanuman Power Suppliers Limited (H) is holding 60% of its paid up share capital. One of the shareholder of H made a charitable trust and donated his 10% shares in H and Rs. 50 crores to the trust. He appoint S as the trustee. All the assets of the trust are held in the name of S. Can a subsidiary hold shares in its holding company in this way?

(5 Marks)

(b) A hires a carriage of B and agrees to pay Rs. 500 as hire charges. The carriage is unsafe, though B is unaware of it. A is injured and claims compensation for injuries suffered by him. B refuses to pay. Discuss the liability of B.

(5 Marks)

(c) Explain the provisions relating to deposit trustee under Companies Act 2013.

(4 Marks)

Question 3:

- (a) Explain how the auditor will be appointed in the following cases:
 - (i) A Government Company.
 - (ii) The Auditor of the company (other than government company) has resigned on 31st December, 2016, while the Financial year of the company ends on 31st March, 2017.

(5 Marks)

(b) Explain the importance of "Preamble" and "Proviso" being internal aids to interpretation.

(5 Marks)

(c) X owned a land with fifty tamarind trees. He sold his land and the timber (obtained after cutting the fifty trees) to Y. X wants to know whether the sale of timber tantamount to sale of immovable property. Advise him with reference to provisions of "General Clauses Act, 1897".

(4 Marks)

Question 4:

- (a) Xgen Limited has a paid-up equity capital and free reserves to the extent of Rs. 50,00,000. The company is planning to buy-back shares to the extent of Rs. 4,50,000. The company approaches you for advice with regard to the following:
 - (i) Is special resolution required to be passed?
 - (ii) What is the time limit for completion of buy-back?
 - (iii) What should be ratio of aggregate debts to the paid-up capital-and free reserves after buy-back?

(5 Marks)

(b) X drew a cheque payable to 'Y or on order'. Unfortunately it was lost and Y's endorsement was forged. Subsequently, the banker pays for the cheque. Is the banker discharged from liability? What will be the consequences if the drawer's signatures were forged?

(5 Marks)

(c) YZ Ltd is a manufacturing company & has proposed a dividend @ 10% for the year 2017-18 out of the current year profits. The company has earned a profit of Rs. 910 crores during 2017-18. YZ Ltd. does not intend to transfer any amount to the general reserves of the company out of current year profit. Is YZ Ltd. allowed to do so? Comment.

(4 Marks)

Question 5:

(a) MNO Private Limited, a subsidiary of PQR Limited, decides to give a loan of Rs. 4,00,000 to the HR (Human Resource) Manager, who is not a Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of MNO Private Limited, drawing salary of Rs. 30,000 per month, to buy 500 partly paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 1000 each in MNO Private Limited. Examine the validity of company's decision under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(5 Marks)

(b) Mr. X, is employed as a cashier on a monthly salary of Rs. 2,000 by ABC bank for a period of three years. Y gave surety for X's good conduct. After nine months, the financial position of the bank deteriorates. Then X agrees to accept a lower salary of Rs. 1,500/- per month from Bank. Two months later, it was found that X has misappropriated cash since the time of his appointment. What is the liability of Y?

(5 Marks)

(c) ABC Ltd. has following balances in their Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2018:

| | | Rs. |
|-----|---|------------|
| (1) | Equity shares capital (3.00 lakhs equity shares of Rs. 10 each) | 30.00 lacs |
| (2) | Free reserves | 5.00 lacs |
| (3) | Securities Premium Account | 3.00 lacs |
| (4) | Capital redemption reserve account | 4.00 lacs |
| (5) | Revaluation Reserve | 3.00 lacs |

Directors of the company seeks your advice in following cases:

- (i) Whether company can give bonus shares in the ratio of 1:3?
- (ii) What if company decide to give bonus shares in the ratio of 1:2?

(4 Marks)

Question 6:

(a) At a General meeting of a company, a matter was to be passed by a special resolution. Out of 40 members present, 20 voted in favour of the resolution, 5 voted against it and 5 votes were found invalid. The remaining 10 members abstained from voting. The Chairman of the meeting declared the resolution as passed. With reference to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, examine the validity of the Chairman's declaration.

(5 Marks)

(b) What is the effect on the implementation of the Rules that are issued between passing and commencement of enactment. Explain as per the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897.

(5 Marks)

(c) The Companies Act, 2013 has prescribed an additional duty on the Board of Directors to include in the Board's Report a 'Directors' Responsibility Statement'. Explain briefly the details to be furnished in the said statement.

(4 Marks)

Question 7:

- (a) State in what way does the Companies Act, 2013 regulate and restrict the following in respect of a company going for public issue of shares:
 - (i) Minimum Subscription, and
 - (ii) Application Money payable on shares being issued

(5 Marks)

(b) A appoints M, a minor, as his agent to sell his watch for cash at a price not less than Rs. 700. M sells it to D for Rs. 350. Is the sale valid? Explain the legal position of M and D, referring to the provisions of the Indian act Act, 1872.

(5 Marks)

(c) Benson Limited issued a notice with the agenda for nine businesses to be transacted in the Annual General Meeting (two businesses were regarding appointment of Mr. Sahu and Mr. Pranav as directors). The chairman decided to move the resolutions for all the nine businesses together to save the time of the members present. Examine the validity of the resolutions.

(4 Marks)

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